Homework 1: Due 09/07/2017

1. Let $-\infty < a < b < \infty$ be real numbers. Consider

$$\mathcal{C}_1 = \{(a, b]\}, \mathcal{C}_2 = \{[a, b]\}, \mathcal{C}_3 = \{(-\infty, a)\}, \mathcal{C}_4 = \{(-\infty, a]\}, \mathcal{C}_4 = \{(-\infty, a)\}, \mathcal{C}_4$$

be the collections of different type of intervals. Show that $\mathcal{B} = \sigma(\mathcal{C}_i), i = 1, 2, 3, 4$, where \mathcal{B} is the Borel σ -field on \mathcal{R} .

2. Let (Ω, \mathcal{F}) be measurable space, and μ be a non-negative set function on it with $\mu(\emptyset) = 0$. Show that μ statistics (i) finite additivity, i.e.

$$\mu(A \cup B) = \mu(A) + \mu(B), \forall \text{ disjoint } A, B \in \mathcal{F},$$

and (ii) countinuity from below, i.e.

$$\mu(\lim_{n\to\infty}A_n)=\lim_{n\to\infty}\mu(A_n), \text{ for } A_1\subset A_2\subset\cdots, A_n\in\mathcal{F},$$

if and only if it satisfies sigma additivity.

3. π - and λ - system.

(1) Shao (2003), P74, Ex. 5.

- (2) Shao (2003), P74, Ex. 12.
- 4. Shao (2003), P74, Ex. 9.
 Let P be a probability measure on (ℝ, B). Define

$$F(x) = P((-\infty, x]), \forall x \in \mathbb{R}$$

be c.d.f. of P.

- (1) Prove properties of c.d.f.
- (2) Show there exists a unique measure for a given c.d.f.
- 5. Shao (2003), P74, Ex. 14. Prove properties of measurable function.