

### Homework 3, Math 4111, due September 19

*Do not submit problems in blue, but at least do them.*

- (1) If  $A$  is any set, define  $\mathcal{P}(A)$ , the *power set* of  $A$  to be the set of all subsets of  $A$ . Prove that if  $A$  is a set with cardinality  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , then the power set  $\mathcal{P}(A)$  has cardinality  $2^n$ .
- (2) Prove that for any set  $A$ ,  $\mathcal{P}(A)$  is bijective to  $\text{Mor}(A, \Sigma_2)$ , the set of all functions from  $A$  to  $\Sigma_2 = \{1, 2\}$ . (Mor is just a standard notation, Mor being short for *morphisms*.)
- (3) Prove that a set  $A$  is infinite if and only if there is an injective map from  $\mathbb{N}$  to  $A$ .
- (4) Let  $A, B \subset X$  be finite subsets. We will use  $\#$  to denote cardinality. Prove that  $\#(A \cup B) + \#(A \cap B) = \#(A) + \#(B)$ .
- (5) If  $A, B$  are sets with  $n, m \in \mathbb{N}$  elements respectively, prove that  $A \times B$  has  $nm$  elements.
- (6) Let  $A, B$  be as in the previous problem. Let  $\text{Mor}(A, B)$  be the set of all functions from  $A$  to  $B$ . Prove that this set has  $m^n$  elements.
- (7) Prove that a set is not equinumerous to its power set. (Hint: If  $f : A \rightarrow \mathcal{P}(A)$  is a bijection, consider  $X \subset A$ , defined as  $X = \{a \in A \mid a \notin f(a)\}$ .)
- (8) Let  $f : [0, 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a function with the following property. There is a positive constant  $M$  such that for any  $x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n \in [0, 1]$  (for any  $n$ ),

$$|f(x_1) + f(x_2) + \dots + f(x_n)| \leq M.$$

Prove that the set of points  $x \in [0, 1]$  with  $f(x) \neq 0$  is countable. (Hint: How many such points are there with  $f(x) \geq \frac{1}{k}$  for some  $k \in \mathbb{N}$ ?)