## Problem set 11

Exercises (3)-(4) prove the theorem of Nevanlinna mentioned at the end of Lecture 33.

- (1) Prove that the universal cover of  $\mathbb{C}^* \setminus [1, \infty)$  cannot be  $\mathbb{C}$  or  $\mathbb{P}^1$ .
- (2) If  $\Gamma$  is the fundamental group (the group of homotopy classes of loops) of a Riemann surface M having  $\mathfrak{H}$  as universal covering surface, then  $M \cong \mathfrak{H}/\Gamma$ . Prove that 2 Riemann surfaces  $M_i \cong \mathfrak{H}/\Gamma_i$  (i = 1, 2) are isomorphic if and only if  $\Gamma_1$  and  $\Gamma_2$  are conjugate in PGL(2,  $\mathbb{R}$ ).
- (3) Let S\* := {f ∈ S | f(D) is starlike}. (A set E is starlike if for every z ∈ E, tz ∈ E for every t ∈ [0, 1].) Prove that Re(z f/f) ≥ 0 for an f ∈ S\* by following the steps:
  (a) Show ∂/∂θ arg(f(re<sup>iθ</sup>)) > 0, for any r ∈ (0, 1). [Hint: first show that f(D
  r) is starlike, making use of the function f<sup>-1</sup>(rf(z)) and Schwarz's Lemma.]
  (b) Show that ∂/∂θ arg f = Re(z f/f), for |z| = r ∈ (0, 1).
- (4) Again let  $f \in \mathcal{S}^*$ , and define  $g(z) := \int_0^z f(w) \frac{dw}{w} \in \operatorname{Hol}(D)$ .
  - (a) Show that  $Re(1 + z\frac{g''}{g'}) \ge 0$ . [Hint: use problem 3.]

(b) Prove g(D) is convex. [Hint: show  $\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \arg(\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}g(re^{i\theta})) \geq 0$ , and interpret this geometrically.]

(c) Writing  $g(z) = z + \sum_{n \ge 2} b_n z^n$ , show that each  $|b_m| \le 1$ . [Hint: define  $G(z) := \frac{1}{m} \sum_{j=1}^m g(\zeta_m^j z)$ , where  $\zeta_m = e^{2\pi i/m}$ . Explain why  $G(D) \subset g(D)$ , then consider  $h(z) := g^{-1}(G(z))$  and compare the lowest order terms in the expansions of g(h(z)) and G(z).] (d) Writing  $f(z) := z + \sum_{n \ge 2} a_n z^n$ , deduce that  $|a_m| \le m$  for each m.