

PROBLEM SET 3

Do 1 or 4, and do 2, 3, and 5.

- (1) (i) Let  $E \rightarrow M$  be a holomorphic vector bundle over a complex manifold. Using a partition of unity, show that a Hermitian metric  $h$  on  $E$  always exists.  
 (ii) Now suppose that  $E =: L$  is a line bundle, and define (from  $h$ ) on coordinate neighborhoods  $\mathcal{U}_\alpha$  the functions  $\rho_\alpha$  as on p. 43 of the notes. Show that the  $1/\rho_\alpha$  correspond to a Hermitian metric on  $L^\vee$  (call this  $h^*$ ), and conclude that  $c_1(L^\vee) = -c_1(L)$ .
- (2) (i) Prove that the tautological bundle  $\mathcal{O}(-1) \rightarrow \mathbb{P}^n$  has no non-trivial global holomorphic sections.  
 (ii) Show that the canonical bundle  $K_{\mathbb{P}^n}$  is isomorphic to  $\mathcal{O}(-n-1)$ . You will need to first construct a trivialization (using a section over each  $U_i$ ), and compute transition functions.
- (3) (i) Let  $M$  be a complex manifold with submanifold  $N$  of codimension 1, with  $\mathcal{N}_{N/M}$  the normal bundle. Prove the adjunction formula  $K_N \cong K_M|_N \otimes \mathcal{N}_{N/M}$ .  
 (ii) Let  $X = \bar{V}(F)$ ,  $F \in S_{n+1}^d$ , be a smooth hypersurface of degree  $d$  in  $\mathbb{P}^n$ . Write  $\mathcal{O}_X(m)$  for the restriction  $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{P}^n}(m)$ . Show that  $\mathcal{N}_{X/\mathbb{P}^n} \cong \mathcal{O}_X(d)$ ; compute  $K_X$  in the same terms.  
 (iii) Prove that for  $d = n + 1$ , there exists a global nowhere-vanishing holomorphic form  $\omega \in \Omega^{n-1}(X)$ , and that  $\dim_{\mathbb{C}}(\Omega^{n-1}(X)) = 1$ .
- (4) Show that the vanishing of the torsion of a connection is equivalent to  $[\chi, \xi] = \nabla_\chi \xi - \nabla_\xi \chi$  for any two vector fields.
- (5) Write local coordinate systems and transition functions for (a) the blowup  $B_0$  of  $\mathbb{C}^2$  at  $(0, 0)$  and (b) the blowup  $B_1$  of  $B_0$  at some point on the preimage of  $(0, 0)$ . So we have maps  $B_1 \rightarrow B_0 \rightarrow \mathbb{C}^2$ . Compute the pullback (in each of your neighborhoods) of  $dz_1 \wedge dz_2 \in \Omega^2(\mathbb{C}^2)$  to each. How does it behave on the preimage of  $(0, 0)$  – does it have zeroes or poles, and of what order?