## Ma 450: Mathematics for Multimedia Homework Assignment 4

## Prof. Wickerhauser

## Due Sunday, April 2nd, 2023

- 1. Fix h > 0. Given  $y_-, y_+$ , let p = p(x) be the Lagrange polynomial through the points  $(-h, y_-)$ , (0, 0), and  $(h, y_+)$ .
  - (a) [6 points] Find a formula for the value y = p(x) in terms of  $h, x, y_-, \text{ and } y_+.$
  - (b) [4 points] Find p''(0) from the formula in part (a).
- 2. [10 points] Let  $f(x) = x^2 + 1$  for  $x \in [-1, 1]$ . Find the expansion coefficients  $c_0, c_1, c_2$  for f in terms of Chebyshev polynomials  $T_0(x), T_1(x), T_2(x)$ , namely

$$f(x) = c_0 T_0(x) + c_1 T_1(x) + c_2 T_2(x).$$

- 3. Suppose  $x_1 < x_2, y_1 < 0$ , and  $y_2 > 0$ . Let f be the piecewise linear function interpolating the set  $\{(x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2)\}$ .
  - (a) [5 points] On what interval (if any) is f > 0?
  - (b) [5 points] On what interval (if any) is f < 0?
- 4. Suppose that we have a machine that, given a random number N of pennies, wraps them into bundles of 50, keeping 0 to 49 leftover pennies as its commission, and gives back b(N) wrapped bundles. Let 50 \* b(N) be the estimate for the number of pennies N measured by this "instrument."
  - (a) [5 points] What is the quantization error of this instrument?
  - (b) [5 points] What is the imprecision?
  - (c) [5 points] What is the inaccuracy?
  - (d) [5 points] Is this instrument calibrated?
- 5. Let  $f(x) = \cos(x) + 2\sin(x)$  for  $0 \le x \le 10$ . Note that  $f \in L^2([0, 10])$ .

Let  $x_k = k$  and  $y_k = f(x_k)$  for k = 0, 1, ..., 10 be an interpolation set.

Estimate the signal-to-noise ratio in decibels for the following sampling approximations s to f, using Octave and a grid of evaluation points in [0, 10] with spacing 0.01:

- (a) [10 points] The piecewise constant approximation using sampling function  $\mathbf{1}_{[-\frac{1}{2},\frac{1}{2}]}$ .
- (b) [10 points] The piecewise linear approximation using the hat function.
- (c) [10 points] The cubic spline approximation (so s is the natural cubic spline defined by the interpolation set).

Hint: Compute  $||f||^2$ ,  $||s||^2$ , and  $||f-s||^2$  as sums of squares at the evaluation points  $\{0, 0.01, 0.02, \dots, 10\}$ .

6. [10 points] Let  $f(x) = \cos(x) + 2\sin(x)$  for  $0 \le x \le 10$ . Note that  $f \in L^2([0, 10])$ . Let s be the band-limited approximation to f with bandwidth 1, namely

$$s(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{10} f(n) \operatorname{sinc}(x-n).$$

Estimate the signal-to-noise ratio in decibels for this approximation as in the previous problem,

Hint: Octave has a built-in sinc(). Use it in your own function for s, then compute  $||f||^2$ ,  $||s||^2$ , and  $||f-s||^2$  as sums of squares at the evaluation points  $\{0,0.01,0.02,\ldots,10\}$ .

- 7. Let f = f(x,y) be the joint probability density supported on the region  $R = \{(x,y) : 0 \le x \le 1, x-1 \le y \le x+1\}$  and defined by the formula f(x,y) = 1 |y-x| for  $(x,y) \in R$ , with f(x,y) = 0 elsewhere.
  - (a) [5 points] Show that  $\iint_R f(x, y) dxdy = 1$ .
  - (b) [5 points] Compute the normalizing constant  $c_x$  and determine f(y|x).
  - (c) [5 points] Compute the expectation E(y|x). Is d(x) = x an unbiased estimator?
  - (d) [5 points] Compute the risk R(d, y) for the decision function d(x) = x. Does it depend on y?