

Algebra II, Spring 2017

Problem Set 9

Due: April 27 in class

In the following questions, \mathbf{k} denotes an algebraically closed field.

1. (a) Show that if $f \in \mathbf{k}[x_1, \dots, x_n]$ is an irreducible polynomial then $V(f)$ is an irreducible algebraic subset.
(b) Show that $f(x, y) = (x^2 - 1)^2 + y^2 \in \mathbf{R}[x, y]$ is irreducible, but $V(f)$ is not irreducible.
2. Prove that if $I \subset \mathbf{k}[x_1, \dots, x_n]$ is an ideal, then \sqrt{I} is the intersection of all the maximal ideals containing I . (use Hilbert's Nullstellensatz.)
3. Let V be a closed algebraic subset of $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{k}}^n$.
(b) Show that every descending chain of closed subsets of V stabilizes.
(b) Show that every open covering of V has a finite subcover.
4. Write the closed algebraic set $x^2 - yz = xz - x = 0$ in $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{k}}^3$ as the union of irreducible algebraic sets.
5. If X_1 and X_2 are closed algebraic subsets of $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{k}}^n$, then show that
 - (a) $I(X_1 \cup X_2) = I(X_1) \cap I(X_2)$
 - (b) $I(X_1 \cap X_2) = \sqrt{I(X_1) + I(X_2)}$
6. Find the ideal of $\mathbf{k}[x, y]$ corresponding to the union of the x -axis and the point $(1, 1)$ in $\mathbf{A}_{\mathbf{k}}^2$.