

Math 5051 - Homework 4

Due 10/02/08

1. (Problem 20, page 59) If $f_n, g_n, f, g \in L^1$, $f_n \rightarrow f$ and $g_n \rightarrow g$ a.e., $|f_n| \leq g_n$, and $\int g_n \rightarrow \int g$, then $\int f_n \rightarrow \int f$. (Rework the proof of the dominated convergence theorem.)
2. (Problem 22, page 59) Let μ be counting measure on \mathbb{N} . Interpret Fatou's lemma and the monotone and dominated convergence theorems as statements about infinite series.
3. (Problem 26, page 60) If $f \in L^1(m)$ and $F(x) = \int_{-\infty}^x f(t) dt$, then F is continuous on \mathbb{R} .
4. (Problem 28, a, b, page 60) Compute the following limits and justify the calculations:
 - (a) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^{\infty} (1 + (x/n))^{-n} \sin(x/n) dx$.
 - (b) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^1 (1 + nx^2)(1 + x^2)^{-n} dx$.
5. (Problem 31, a, b, page 60) Derive the following formulas by expanding part of the integrand into an infinite series and justifying the term-by-term integration. Exercise 29 may be useful.
 - (a) For $a > 0$, $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{-x^2} \cos ax dx = \sqrt{\pi} e^{-a^2/4}$.
 - (b) For $a > -1$, $\int_0^1 x^a (1-x)^{-1} \log x dx = -\sum_1^{\infty} (a+k)^{-2}$.