## Homework 2: Due 02/06/2018

- (10 points) Problem 19 on page 302 of Shao (2003).
  Using the empirical Bayes method and the method of moments to derive the priors under squared error loss function. And plug the estimated priors to get empirical Bayes decisions in (b)-(d) for Q1 in HW1.
- 2. (10 points) Problem 21 on page 302 of Shao (2003).
- 3. (10 points) Problem 25 on page 303 of Shao (2003).
- 4. (10 points) Please show that the variance and risk of any location invariant estimator are constants (independent of location parameter).
- 5. (10 points) Suppose a location invariant estimator  $\delta_0$  with finite risk is independent of the ancillary statistics  $D = (X_1 X_n, X_2 X_n, \cdots, X_{n-1} X_n)^T$ .
  - (a) Prove that the MRIE is  $\delta^*(X) = \delta_0(X) u^*$ , where

$$u^* = \arg\min_{u} E_0[L(\delta_0(X) - u)],$$

which is a constant and independent of the value of D. Remark: if  $\delta_0$  is sufficient and complete statistics, then by Basu's theorem,  $\delta_0 \perp\!\!\!\perp D$ .

- (b) If, in addition, the distribution of  $\delta_0$  is symmetric about the location parameter  $\theta$ , and the loss function L is convex and even, then  $u^* = 0$  and  $\delta_0$  is an MRIE.
- (c) As an example of above results, show that, in exponential distributions  $E(\theta, 1)$ , the MRIE for  $\theta$  is  $X_{(1)} \log 2/n$  under absolute loss.