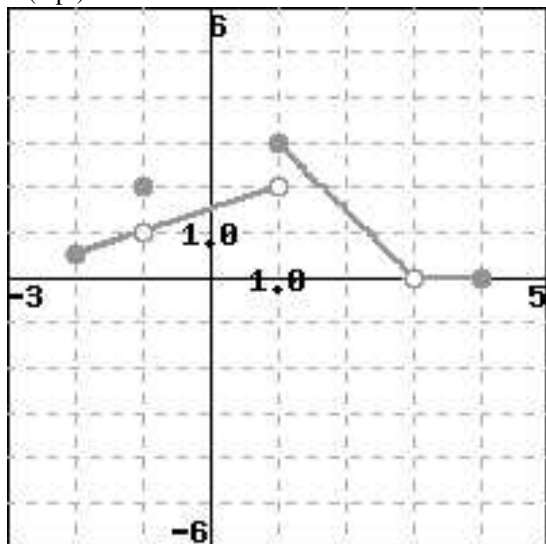


1.(1 pt) Let F be the function below.



Evaluate each of the following expressions.

Note: Enter 'DNE' if the limit does not exist or is not defined.

- a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} F(x) =$ _____
- b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} F(x) =$ _____
- c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} F(x) =$ _____
- d) $F(-1) =$ _____
- e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} F(x) =$ _____
- f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} F(x) =$ _____
- g) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} F(x) =$ _____
- h) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} F(x) =$ _____
- i) $F(3) =$ _____

2.(1 pt) Below is an "oracle" function. An oracle function is a function presented interactively. When you type in an x value, and press the $-f \rightarrow$ button and the value $f(x)$ appears in the right hand window. There are three lines, so you can easily calculate three different values of the function at one time.

Determine the limits for the function f at 1.74.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1.74^-} =$$

$$f(1.74) =$$

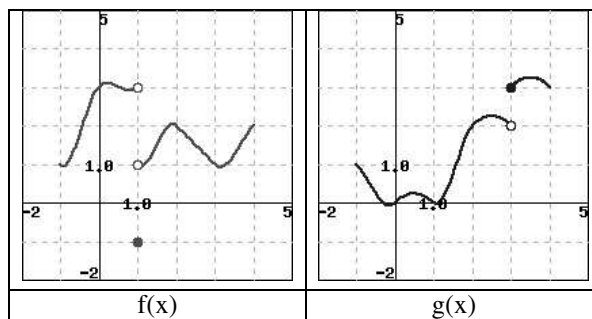
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1.74^+} =$$

Are all of these values the same?: (Y or N) ____ . If so then the function is **continuous** at 1.74

Are the left and right limits the same at 1.74?: (Y or N) ____ . If so then this function is almost continuous and could be made continuous by redefining one value of the function namely $f(1.74)$.

x	→	f(x)
Enter x	→	result: f(x)
Enter x	→	result: f(x)
Enter x	→	result: f(x)

3.(1 pt)



The graphs of f and g are given above. Use them to evaluate each quantity below. Write 'DNE' if the limit or value does not exist (or if it's infinity).

- 1. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} [f(g(x))]$
- 2. $f(3) + g(3)$
- 3. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} [f(x)/g(x)]$
- 4. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} [f(g(x))]$