

UCHIYAMA'S LEMMA

AND THE

JOHN-NIRENBERG

INEQUALITY

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# BOUNDED MEAN OSCILLATION

$$\|f\|_* = \sup_{I \subset \mathbb{T}} \int_I |f - f_I| d\sigma$$

$\nearrow \int_I f$

$$\|f\|_{*,2}^2 = \sup_{I \subset \mathbb{T}} \int_I |f - f_I|^2 d\sigma$$

# BOUNDED MEAN OSCILLATION

$$\|f\|_{BMO_1} = \sup_{z \in \mathbb{D}} \int |f - f(z)| P_z d\sigma$$

$$\|f\|_{BMO_2}^2 = \sup_{z \in \mathbb{D}} \int |f - f(z)|^2 P_z d\sigma$$

$$P_z = \text{POISSON KERNEL}, \quad f(z) = \int f P_z d\sigma$$

# JOHN-NIRENBERG

$\exists C, c > 0 : \|f\|_* \leq 1 \implies$

$$|\{s \in I : |f(s) - \underline{f}_I| > \lambda\}|$$

$$\leq C e^{-c\lambda} |I|, \quad \forall c > 0$$

# STRONG JOHN-NIRENBERG

$$\exists C, c > 0: \|f\|_* \leq 1 \implies$$

$$\int \exp(c|f - f_{\pm}|) d\sigma < C$$

$$IC \parallel$$

# CONFORMALLY INVARIANT VERSION

$$\exists C, c > 0 : \|f\|_{\text{BMO}_2} \leq 1 \implies$$

$$\int \exp(c|f - f(z)|) P_z < C$$

$\equiv$

$$z \in \mathbb{D}$$

# STANDARD APPROACH

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J-N  $\Rightarrow$  BMD NORMS  
 $\Leftarrow$  EQUIVALENT

$\Rightarrow$  BMD<sub>2</sub> NORM CONVENIENT  
 $\Leftarrow$  FOR BMD C (Re H<sup>1</sup>)<sup>\*</sup>

OUR APPROACH

# METHOD: GREEN'S THM

IN THE SPIRIT OF

- T. WOLFF / CORONA THM
- NAZAROV-TREIL / MUCKENHOUTT-WHEEDEN THM
- PETERMICHl-TREIL-WICK

RK THESIS FOR CARLESON MEASURES



# GREEN'S THEM

$$f \in C^2(\bar{D})$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{H}} f P_z d\sigma - f(z) = \int_{\mathbb{D}} \Delta f g_z dA$$

$P_z = \text{POISSON}$  ,  $g_z = \text{GREEN'S FCN}$

# HARDY-STEIN IDENTITIES

$$f \in H^p(\mathbb{D}) \quad 0 < p < \infty$$

$$\frac{1}{\pi} \int |f|^p P_z d\sigma = |f(z)|^p \\ = p^2 \int_{\mathbb{D}} |f'|^2 |f|^{p-2} g_z dA$$

$P_z = \text{POISSON}$ ,  $g_z = \text{GREEN'S FCN}$

UCHIYAMA

$$z \in \mathbb{D}$$

$$\phi \in C^2(\overline{\mathbb{D}}), f \in \text{Hol}(\mathbb{D})$$

$$\int_{\mathbb{T}} |f| e^\phi P_z d\sigma$$

$$\geq \int_{\mathbb{D}} \Delta \phi e^\phi |f| g_z dA$$

LEMMA:  $F \in BMOA$ ,  $f \in H^1$

$$\int_{\mathbb{D}} |F'|^2 |f| g_z dA$$

$$\leq \frac{e}{4} \|F\|_{BMO_2}^2 \int_{\mathbb{T}} |f| P_z d\sigma$$

PROOF:  $\|F\|_{BMO_2} = 1$ . UCHIYAMA

$$\phi(z) = \int_{\mathbb{T}} |F - F(z)|^2 P_z d\sigma = |F(z)|^2 - |F|^2(z)$$
$$\Delta \phi = 4|F'|^2$$

COROLLARY:  $F \in BMOA, h \in H^2$

$$\left| \int_{\mathbb{D}} (F - F(z)) \bar{h} P_z d\sigma \right| \leq 2\sqrt{e} \|F\|_{BMO_2} \times \int_{\mathbb{D}} |h| P_z d\sigma$$

PROOF: HARDY-STEIN + UCHIYAMA

$$\left| \int_{\mathbb{D}} F' \bar{h}' g_z dA \right|^2 \leq 4 \int_{\mathbb{D}} |F'|^2 |h| g_z dA \times \int_{\mathbb{D}} \frac{|h'|^2}{|h|} g_z dA$$

COROLLARY:  $F \in BMOA$

$$\int |F - F(z)|^2 P_z d\sigma$$

$$\| \cdot \| \leq 25e \|F\|_{BMO_2} \| \cdot \| \int |F - F(z)| P_z d\sigma$$

$$\|F\|_{BMO_2} \leq 25e \|F\|_{BMO_1}$$

COROLLARY:  $F \in BMOA$ ,  $k \geq 2$

$$\int |F - F(z)|^k P_z d\sigma \leq \frac{C}{4} k^2 \|F\|_{BMO_2}^2 \times \int |F - F(z)|^{k-2} P_z d\sigma$$

PROOF: HARDY-STEIN

$$k^2 \int |F'|^2 |F - F(z)|^{k-2} g_z dA$$

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APPLY LEMMA WITH  
 $f = (F - F(z))^{k-2}$

ITERATE!

$$\int |F - F(z)|^2 P_z d\sigma \leq e^{k-1} (k!)^2 \|F\|_{BMO_2}^{2k}$$

$$\int |F - F(z)|^2 P_z d\sigma \leq \left(\frac{e}{4}\right)^k \left(\frac{(2k+1)!}{2^k k!}\right)^2 \|F\|_{BMO_2}^{2k+1}$$



# STRONG J-N $F \in BMO_A$

$$\varepsilon < \frac{2}{\sqrt{e} \|F\|_{BMO_2}} \implies$$

$$\int \exp(\varepsilon |F - F(z)|) P_z d\sigma$$

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$$< \left( 1 - \frac{\varepsilon \sqrt{e} \|F\|_{BMO_2}}{2} \right)^{3/2}$$

# FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS

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UCHIYAMA LEMMA  $\rightsquigarrow$  WORKS FOR ANALYTIC FCNS

HARDY-STEIN  $\rightsquigarrow$  ANALOGUE FOR  $1 < p < \infty$

STILL POSSIBLE TO WORK OUT REAL/HARMONIC CASE.

# REFERENCE

UCHIYAMA'S LEMMA AND THE  
JOHN-NIRENBERG INEQUALITY

TO APPEAR IN  
BULL. LOND. MATH. SOC.

ON ARXIV