

Ma 494 — Theoretical Statistics

Test #1 — February 19, 2009

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Closed book and closed notes. One $8\frac{1}{2} \times 11$ sheet of paper with notes on both sides and a calculator are allowed.

1. Let $f(x, r) = r \exp(-r/x)(1/x^2)$ for $x > 0, r > 0$. Given an independent sample X_1, \dots, X_n from $f(x, r)$, find the maximum likelihood estimator of r .

2. Let $f(x, \theta) = \frac{1}{2}e^{-|x-\theta|}$ for $-\infty < x < \infty, -\infty < \theta < \infty$. Let X_1, \dots, X_n be an independent sample from $f(x, \theta)$. Prove that the sample mean $\bar{X} = (1/n) \sum_{k=1}^n X_k$ is an unbiased estimator of θ .

3. Let $f(x, \mu) = e^{-\mu} \mu^x / x!$ for $x = 0, 1, 2, \dots$ be the Poisson distribution. Recall that $E(X) = \text{Var}(X) = \mu$ if X has this distribution. Let X_1, \dots, X_n be an independent sample from $f(x, \mu)$.

(i) Find the scores $Y_k(\mu)$ of X_k and the Fisher information of X_k .

(ii) Prove that the sample mean \bar{X} is an efficient estimator of μ (that is, its variance attains the Cramér-Rao lower bound).

(*Hint*: You can do parts (i,ii) in any order.)

4. Let $f(x, p) = (x+1)p^x(1-p)^2$ for integers $x = 0, 1, 2, \dots$ and $0 < p < 1$. Given an independent sample X_1, \dots, X_n from $f(x, p)$, find the maximum likelihood estimator of p .

5. Let $f(x, \theta) = 4\theta x^3 e^{-\theta x^4}$ for $x > 0$ and $\theta > 0$. Given an independent sample X_1, \dots, X_n from $f(x, \theta)$, find a sufficient statistic for θ (and show that it is sufficient).